## Claims

[c1] 1.An optical coupling system for coupling optical energy between optical devices, the system comprising:

a waveguide receptive of N-mode radiation from a radiation source where N is an integer;

the waveguide comprising:

a first section receptive of the N-mode radiation from the optical beam redirection device and having a thickness of h;

a second section having a thickness of t wherein t is less than h; and a tapered section having a first end thereof with a thickness of h joined with the first waveguide section and a second end thereof with a thickness of t joined with the second waveguide section for coupling the N-mode radiation from the first waveguide section to the second waveguide section.

- [c2] 2.The optical coupling system as set forth in Claim 1 further comprising an optical beam redirection device receptive of the N-mode radiation from the radiation source for directing the N-mode radiation to the first waveguide section.
- [c3] 3.The optical coupling system as set forth in Claim 1 wherein h is approximately 10-100 um and t is approximately 2-10 um.
- [c4] 4.The optical coupling system as set forth in Claim 1 wherein the tapered section has a length of approximately 100–1000 um.
- [c5] 5.The optical coupling system as set forth in Claim 1 wherein the first end of the tapered section includes a first aperture and the second end of the tapered section includes a second aperture substantially parallel to the first aperture wherein the first and second apertures are spaced apart from one another so that the tapered section subtends a first angle,  $\alpha$ , of about 5–10 degrees and a second angle,  $\beta$ , perpendicular to the first angle,  $\alpha$ , of about 5–10 degrees at the second waveguide section.
- [c6] 6.The optical coupling system as set forth in Claim 2 wherein the optical beam redirection device comprises a prism.

- [c7] 7.The optical coupling system as set forth in Claim 2 wherein the optical beam redirection device comprises a lens or a diffraction grating.
- [c8] 8. The optical coupling system as set forth in Claim 1 further comprising a cladding having a refractive index of  $n_w$  and encasing the waveguide having a refractive index of  $n_c$ ; wherein  $n_w$  is less than  $n_c$ .
- [c9] 9. The optical coupling system as set forth in Claim 1 wherein the first waveguide section and the tapered section are defined by a refractive index, n w, and the second waveguide section is defined by a refractive index, n wherein n c is greater than n w.
- [c10] 10. The optical coupling system as set forth in Claim 9 wherein the second waveguide section is a cladding encasing the optical beam redirection device, the first waveguide section and the first tapered section.
- [c11] 11.The optical coupling system as set forth in Claim 9 wherein the second waveguide section further comprises a top-layer tapered section wherein the refractive index difference between the second waveguide section and the tapered section is extended from an upper surface of the second waveguide section to a point along the tapered section.
- [c12] 12.The optical coupling system as set forth in Claim 9 wherein the second waveguide section includes a segment thereof positioned within the first tapered section.
- [c13] 13.The optical coupling system as set forth in Claim 12 wherein the segment of the second waveguide section positioned within the first tapered section is a wedge having a triangular in cross section including a base with a length t joined with the second waveguide section and an angled apex opposed to the base;

wherein the wedge is receptive of the N-mode radiation from the first tapered section for coupling the N-mode radiation from the first waveguide section to the second waveguide section.

[c14]
14.The optical coupling system as set forth in Claim 13 wherein the triangular

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cross section is inclined with respect to the second waveguide section.

- [c15] 15. The optical coupling system as set forth in Claim 9 wherein the second waveguide section includes a segment thereof positioned within the first tapered section and the first waveguide section.
- [c16] 16.The optical coupling system as set forth in Claim 13 wherein the angled of the wedge includes an angle of about 5-10 degrees.
- [c17] 17.The optical coupling system as set forth in Claim 13 wherein the wedge includes a length of about 100-1000 um.
- [c18] 18.An optical coupling system for coupling optical energy between optical devices, the system comprising: a first waveguide having a thickness of c and a refractive index of  $n_{\rm w}$ , and receptive of the N-mode radiation from a radiation source along an axis; a second waveguide having a segment thereof positioned within the first waveguide and having a thickness of t, wherein t is less than c and a refractive index of  $n_{\rm c}$  wherein  $n_{\rm c}$  is greater than  $n_{\rm c}$ .
- [c19] 19.The optical coupling system as set forth in Claim 18 further comprising an optical beam redirection device receptive of the N-mode radiation from the radiation source for directing the N-mode radiation to the first waveguide N is an integer.
- [c20] 20.The optical coupling system as set forth in Claim 18 wherein the segment of the second waveguide positioned within the first waveguide includes a wedge having a triangular in cross section including a base with a length t joined with the second waveguide section and an angled apex opposed to the base; wherein the wedge is receptive of the N-mode radiation from the optical beam redirection device for coupling the N-mode radiation from the optical beam redirection device to the second waveguide section.
- [c21] 21.The optical coupling system as set forth in Claim 20 wherein the wedge is inclined with respect to the second waveguide section.
- [c22] 22.The optical coupling system as set forth in Claim 20 wherein the angled

- of the wedge includes an angle of about 5-10 degrees.
- [c23] 23.The optical coupling system as set forth in Claim 20 wherein the wedge includes a length of about 100–1000 um.
- [c24] 24.The optical coupling system as set forth in Claim 19 wherein a segment of the first waveguide is truncated by a distance d.
- [c25] 25.The optical coupling system as set forth in Claim 19 wherein the second waveguide is offset from the axis of the N-mode radiation by a distance r.
- [c26] 26.An optical coupling system for coupling optical energy between optical devices, the system comprising:

  an optical beam redirection device receptive of N-mode radiation from a radiation source where N is an integer;

  a waveguide having a refractive index of n wand receptive of the N-mode radiation from the optical beam redirection device along an axis; the waveguide comprising:
  - a first section receptive of the N-mode radiation from the optical beam redirection device;
  - a tapered section receptive of the N-mode radiation from the first waveguide section; and
  - a third section positioned within the tapered section, the third section having a refractive index of ns and receptive of the N-mode radiation from the tapered section;
  - wherein ns is greater than n .
- [c27] 27.The optical coupling system as set forth in Claim 26 wherein the third waveguide section is offset from the axis of the N-mode radiation by a distance r.
- [c28] 28.A waveguide device comprising:

  a first aperture having a first cross sectional area and receptive of optical radiation;

  a second aperture having a second cross sectional area less than the first cross

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sectional area and receptive of the optical radiation from the first aperture.

- [c29] 29.The waveguide device as set forth in Claim 28 wherein the waveguide device defines first and second angles between the first and second apertures wherein the first angle,  $\alpha$ , is about 5~10 degrees and the second angle,  $\beta$ , perpendicular to the first angle,  $\alpha$ , is about 5–10 degrees.
- [c30] 30.The waveguide device as set forth in Claim 28 wherein the waveguide device has a length of approximately 100-1000 um.
- [c31] 31.An optical coupling system for coupling optical energy between optical devices, the system comprising:

  an optical beam redirection device receptive of N-mode radiation from a radiation source where N is an integer;

  a waveguide receptive of the N-mode radiation from the optical beam

the waveguide comprising:

redirection device:

- a first section receptive of the N-mode radiation from the optical beam redirection device and having a thickness of h;
- a tapered section having a first end thereof with a thickness of h joined with the first waveguide section and a second end thereof with a thickness of t for coupling the N-mode radiation from the first waveguide section to a second waveguide.
- [c32] 32.The optical coupling system as set forth in Claim 31 wherein the first end of the tapered section includes a first aperture and the second end of the tapered section includes a second aperture substantially parallel to the first aperture wherein the first and second apertures are spaced apart from one another so that the tapered section subtends a first angle,  $\alpha$ , of about 5–10 degrees and a second angle,  $\beta$ , perpendicular to the first angle,  $\alpha$ , of about 5–10 degrees at the second waveguide.
- [c33] 33.An optical coupling system for coupling optical energy between optical devices, the system comprising:
  a radiation source;
  an optical beam redirection device positioned a prescribed distance from the radiation source and receptive of N-mode radiation therefrom where N is an

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integer;

a waveguide receptive of the N-mode radiation from the optical beam redirection device;

the waveguide comprising:

a first section receptive of the N-mode radiation from the optical beam redirection device and having a thickness of h;

a second section having a thickness of t wherein t is less than h; and a tapered section having a first end thereof with a thickness of h joined with the first waveguide section and a second end thereof with a thickness of t joined with the second waveguide section for coupling the N-mode radiation from the first waveguide section to the second waveguide section.

[c34]

34.The optical coupling system as set forth in Claim 33 wherein the first end of the tapered section includes a first aperture and the second end of the tapered section includes a second aperture substantially parallel to the first aperture wherein the first and second apertures are spaced apart from one another so that the tapered section subtends a first angle,  $\alpha$ , of about 5–10 degrees and a second angle,  $\beta$ , perpendicular to the first angle,  $\alpha$ , of about 5–10 degrees at the second waveguide section.